

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

June 30, 2022



DISTRICT OFFICIALS

June 30, 2022

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Ron Hemberry, Chair 8200 Marigold Rockaway Beach, Oregon 97136

Richard Seward, Vice Chair 980 S Grayling Rockaway Beach, Oregon 97136

Joann Baker, Secretary 17425 Ocean Blvd Rockaway Beach, Oregon 97136

Jerry Berndt, Treasurer P.O. Box 216 Rockaway Beach, Oregon 97136

Jerry Stanfill 982 S Harbor St Rockaway Beach, Oregon 97136

REGISTERED AGENT

Joe Nemeyer, Plant Manager P.O. Box 69 Rockaway Beach, Oregon 97136

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Twin Rocks Sanitary District Rockaway Beach, Oregon

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the business-type activities and each major funds of Twin Rocks Sanitary District, Rockaway Beach, Oregon, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the business-type activities and each major funds of Twin Rocks Sanitary District, Rockaway Beach, Oregon as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position thereof for the year then ended on the basis of accounting described in Note I.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Twin Rocks Sanitary District, Rockaway Beach, Oregon, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note I of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. Twin Rocks Sanitary District, Rockaway Beach, Oregon, prepares its financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to that matter.

Emphasis of Matter - Change in Accounting Principle

As described in the notes to the financial statements, in the year ended June 30, 2022, the District adopted new accounting guidance: GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, Statement No. 87, Leases, Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020, and Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note I, and for determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of Twin Rocks Sanitary District, Rockaway Beach, Oregon's
 internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
 accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the
 financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Twin Rocks Sanitary District, Rockaway Beach, Oregon's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Twin Rocks Sanitary District, Rockaway Beach, Oregon's basic financial statements. The individual fund financial statements, if applicable, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual fund financial statements, if applicable, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have also issued our report dated September 22, 2022 on our tests of the District's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

Accuity, LLC

Glen O. Kearns, CPA

Albany, Oregon September 22, 2022

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities
ASSETS	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 898,555
Prepaid expenses	412
Total current assets	898,967
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	216,620
Capital assets not being depreciated	115,201
Capital assets being depreciated, net	2,911,423
Total assets	4,142,211
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	
Accrued liabilities	2,957
Customer deposits	3,696
Long-term liabilities, current portion	87,395
Total current liabilities	94,048
Noncurrent liabilities	
Long-term liabilities, less current portion	1,451,727
Total liabilities	1,545,775
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	1,480,849
Restricted	216,620
Unrestricted	898,967
Total net position	<u>\$ 2,596,436</u>

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		I	Program Revenue	es	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
			Operating	Capital	
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities
Business-type activites					
Sanitary operations	\$ 681,113	\$ 576,967	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	(104,146)
	General revenu	es			
	Investment in	icome			3,834
	Miscellaneou	S			5,147
	Total gener	al revenues			8,981
	Change in ne	t position			(95,165)
	Net position - b	eginning			2,691,601
	Net position - en	nding			\$ 2,596,436

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2022

	General Fund	SDC Reserve Fund		Catastrophic Reserve Fund	Revenue Bond Debt Service Fund	Total Business-Type Activities
ASSETS						
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 303,542	\$ 155,244	\$ 169,149	\$ 270,620	\$ 216,620	\$ 1,115,175
Prepaid expenses	412					412
Total current assets	\$ 303,954	\$ 155,244	\$ 169,149	\$ 270,620	\$ 216,620	\$ 1,115,587
Capital assets not being	115,201	-	-	-	-	115,201
depreciated Capital assets being						
depreciated, net	2,911,423	_	-	_	_	2,911,423
-						
Total assets	3,330,578	155,244	169,149	270,620	216,620	4,142,211
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Accrued liabilities	2,957	-	-	-	-	2,957
Customer deposits	3,696	-	-	-	-	3,696
Long-term debt, current						
portion	87,395				<u>-</u>	87,395
Total current liabilities	94,048					94,048
Noncurrent liabilities						
Long-term debt, less						
current portion	1,451,727					1,451,727
Total liabilities	1,545,775					1,545,775
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital	1,480,849	-	-	-	-	1,480,849
assets						
Restricted	-	-	-	-	216,620	216,620
Unrestricted	303,954	155,244	169,149	270,620		898,967
Total net position	<u>\$ 1,784,803</u>	\$ 155,244	\$ 169,149	\$ 270,620	\$ 216,620	\$ 2,596,436

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Revenue		Revenue	Total	
		SDC	Bond	Catastrophic	Bond Debt	Business-	
	General	Reserve	Reserve	Reserve	Service	Type	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Activities	
OPERATING REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$ 559,675	\$ 16,020	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	\$ 575,695	
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Personnel services	269,901	-	-	-	-	269,901	
Materials and supplies	174,691	-	-	-	-	174,691	
Depreciation	167,106					167,106	
Total operating expenses	611,698					611,698	
Operating income (loss)	(52,023)	16,020	-	-	-	(36,003)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES							
(EXPENSES)							
Investment earnings	316	1,061	956	1,493	8	3,834	
Miscellaneous	6,419	-	-	-	-	6,419	
Interest paid on long-term							
debt					(69,415)	(69,415)	
Total nonoperating							
revenues (expenses)	6,735	1,061	956	1,493	(69,407)	(59,162)	
Income before transfers	(45,288)	17,081	956	1,493	(69,407)	(95,165)	
Transfers in	83,830	-	-	-	294,656	378,486	
Transfers out	(294,656)				(83,830)	(378,486)	
Change in net position	(256,114)	17,081	956	1,493	141,419	(95,165)	
Net position - beginning	2,040,917	138,163	168,193	269,127	75,201	2,691,601	
Net position - ending	\$ 1,784,803	\$ 155,244	\$ 169,149	\$ 270,620	\$ 216,620	\$ 2,596,436	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		SDC	Revenue	Catastrophic	Revenue Bond	
	General	Reserve	Bond Reserve	Reserve	Debt Service	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING						
ACTIVITES						
Receipts from customers	\$ 563,371	\$ 16,020	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 579,391
Payments to employees	(269,901)	-	-	-	-	(269,901)
Payments to suppliers	(172,146)					(172,146)
Net cash provided (used) by						
operating activities	121,324	16,020				137,344
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND						
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITES						
Acquisition and construction						
of capital assets	(2,798)	-	-	-	-	(2,798)
Transfers (to) from other funds	(210,826)	-	-	-	210,826	-
Principal paid on long-term debt	(83,830)	-	-	-	-	(83,830)
Interest paid on long-term debt					(69,415)	(69,415)
Net cash provided (used) by						
capital and related financing						
activities	(297,454)				141,411	(156,043)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING						
ACTIVITES						
Miscellaneous non-operating income	6,419	-	-	-	-	6,419
Interest received	316	1,061	956	1,493	8	3,834
Net cash provided (used) by						
investing activities	6,735	1,061	956	1,493	8	10,253
Net increase (decrease) in cash						
and cash equivalents	(169,395)	17,081	956	1,493	141,419	(8,446)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	472,937	138,163	168,193	269,127	75,201	1,123,621
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 303,542	\$ 155,244	\$ 169,149	\$ 270,620	\$ 216,620	\$ 1,115,175
						(continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

				SDC	R	Revenue	Cata	astrophic	Rev	enue Bond		
	(General	R	Reserve	Bor	nd Reserve	R	eserve	Del	ot Service		
(continued)		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Totals
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activiti	ies:											
Operating income (loss)	\$	(52,023)	\$	16,020	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(36,003)
Adjustments to reconcile operating												
income (loss) to net cash provided												
(used) by operating activities:												
Depreciation expense		167,106		-		-		-		-		167,106
(Increase) decrease in:												
Prepaid expenses		(412)		-		-		-		-		(412)
Increase (decrease) in:												
Accrued liabilities		2,957		-		-		-		-		2,957
Customer deposits	_	3,696	_			<u> </u>				<u>-</u>	_	3,696
Net cash provided (used)												
by operating activities	\$	121,324	\$	16,020	\$		\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	137,344

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Twin Rocks Sanitary District have been prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Description of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the District. *Business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support.

B. Reporting Entity

Twin Rocks Sanitary District, located in Rockaway Beach, Oregon, was established under the provisions of Oregon statues to provide sanitation facilities and services to the surrounding areas. The northern collection system was constructed in 1968. In 1977, the coastal communities of Barview and Watseco were incorporated into the District and the southern system was constructed. The District is typically governed by a five-member board of directors elected from the District at large. Each member is elected for a four-year term.

C. Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

D. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The District reports the following major proprietary funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except for those required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary source of revenue are user fees.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

Capital Projects Funds

SDC Reserve Fund - The SDC Reserve Fund is used to reserve funds for future system development. The primary source of revenue is transfers from the General Fund.

Revenue Bond Reserve Fund - The Revenue Bond Reserve Fund is used to reserve funds for future equipment purchases. The primary source of revenue is transfers from the General Fund.

Catastrophic Reserve Fund - The Catastrophic Reserve Fund is used to reserve funds for future catastrophic events and necessary capital outlays. The primary source of revenue is transfers from the General Fund.

Debt Service Fund

Revenue Bond Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for receipts and disbursements of long-term obligations. The primary source of revenue is transfers from the General Fund. The primary disbursements are for payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations.

Certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured, such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide and fund financial statements of the proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, as described below. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net position, revenues, and expenditures when they result from cash transactions, with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide statements.

This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

As a result of the use of the modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenues for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in the financial statements.

If the District utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted, the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

F. Budgetary Information

1. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on the cash basis of accounting. The District budgets all funds in accordance with the requirements of state law. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general, special revenue, debt service, capital projects, and enterprise funds.

The District begins its budgeting process by appointing budget committee members. The budget officer prepares a budget, which is reviewed by the budget committee. The budget is then published in proposed form and is presented at public hearings to obtain taxpayer comments and approval from the budget committee. The budget is legally adopted by the board of directors by resolution prior to the beginning of the District's fiscal year. The council resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. Total personnel services, materials and services, debt service, capital outlay, interfund transfers, and operating contingencies are the levels of control established by the resolution. The detailed budget document, however, is required to contain more specific detailed information for the aforementioned expenditure categories and management may revise the detailed line item budgets within appropriation categories.

Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget and appropriation resolution. Supplemental budgets less than 10% of a fund's original budget may be adopted by the board of directors at a regular council meeting. A supplemental budget greater than 10% of a fund's original budget requires hearings before the public, publication in newspapers, and approval by the board of directors. Original and supplemental budgets may be modified by the use of appropriation transfers between the levels of control. Such transfers require approval by the board of directors. During the year, there were no supplemental budgets. The District does not use encumbrances and appropriations lapse at year-end.

Budget amounts shown in the financial statements reflect the original budget amounts.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

G. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

2. Investments

State statutes authorize the government to invest in legally issued general obligations of the United States, the agencies and instrumentalities of the United States and the states of Oregon, Washington, Idaho, or California, certain interest-bearing bonds, time deposit open accounts, certificates of deposit, and savings accounts in banks, mutual savings banks, and savings and loan associations that maintain a head office or a branch in this state in the capacity of a bank, mutual savings bank, or savings and loan association, and share accounts and savings accounts in credit unions in the name of, or for the benefit of, a member of the credit union pursuant to a plan of deferred compensation.

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets resulting from cash transactions, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. The costs of normal maintenance or repairs that do not add to the value of an asset or materially extend its life are charged to expenditures as incurred and are not capitalized. Major capital outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant, and equipment of the government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Furniture and fixtures	5-10
Equipment	5-20
Plant and sewer systems	5-40
Buildings and improvements	20-40

4. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements, long-term debt is reported as a liability in the applicable business-type activities statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

5. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

H. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes and other intentionally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

2. Proprietary Funds Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Sewer, Water, and System Development Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

I. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the modified cash basis of accounting requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures; accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District expended funds in excess of appropriations as follows:

Fund	Function	Appropriation		Appropriation Expenditure		Excess		
General Fund	Personnel Services	\$	255,071	\$	269,901	\$	14,830	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

A. Cash Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Twin Rocks Sanitary District maintains a cash and cash equivalents pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the fund financial statements as cash and cash equivalents. Additionally, several funds held separate cash accounts. Interest earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated to participating funds based upon their combined cash and investment balances. Investments, including amounts held in pooled cash and investments, are stated at fair value. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, investments with a remaining maturity of more than one year at the time of purchase are stated at fair value.

The District participates in an external investment pool (State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool). The Pool is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. The State's investment policies are governed by the Oregon Revised Statutes (ORC) and the Oregon Investment Council (OIC). The State Treasurer is the investment officer for the OIC and is responsible for all funds in the State Treasury. These funds are invested exercising reasonable care, skill, and caution. Investments in the Pool are further governed by portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board, which established diversification percentages and specifies the types and maturities of investments. The portion of the external investment pool which belongs to local government investment participants is reported in an Investment Trust Fund in the State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR). A copy of the State's ACFR may be obtained at the Oregon State Treasury, 350 Winter St. N.E., Salem, Oregon 97310-0840.

Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or price paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Observable inputs are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset. The classification of securities within the fair value hierarchy is based on the activity level in the market for the security type and the inputs used to determine their fair value, as follows:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices for identical investments in active markets.
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and,
- *Level 3* Unobservable inputs.

There were no transfers of assets or liabilities among the three levels of the fair value hierarchy for the year ended June 30, 2022.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

Fair values of assets measured on a recurring basis at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	 Level 2
Investments:	
Oregon Local Government Investment Pool	\$ 686,115

Credit Risk

Oregon statutes authorize the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record, and the Local Government Investment Pool. The District has not adopted an investment policy regarding credit risk; however, investments comply with state statutes.

Investments

As of June 30, 2022, the District had the following investments:

	Credit Quality		
	Rating	Maturities	Fair Value
Oregon Local Government Investment Pool	Unrated	-	\$ 686,115
Interest Rate Risk			

The District does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increases in interest rates.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District does not have a formal policy that places a limit on the amount that may be invested in any one insurer. 100 percent of the District's investments are in the Oregon Local Government Investment Pool.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. The District does not have a policy that limits the amount of investments that can be held by counterparties.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All District deposits not covered by Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance are covered by the Public Funds Collateralization Program (PFCP) of the State of Oregon, organized in accordance with ORS 295.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

The PFCP is a shared liability structure for participating bank depositories. Barring any exceptions, a bank depository is required to pledge collateral valued at a minimum of 10% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are considered well capitalized, 25% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are considered adequately capitalized, or 110% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are considered undercapitalized or assigned to pledge 110% by the Office of the State Treasurer.

In the event of a bank failure, the entire pool of collateral pledged by all qualified Oregon public funds bank depositories is available to repay deposits of public funds of government entities.

The District holds accounts at Umpqua Bank, for which deposits are insured by the FDIC up to \$250,000. At June 30, 2022, the District had deposits of \$250,000 insured by the FDIC and \$183,664 collateralized by the PFCP.

1,115,175

Deposits

The District's deposits and investments at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Petty cash	\$	100
Checking accounts		428,960
Total investments	_	686,115
Total cash and investments	\$	1,115,175
Cash and investments by fund:		
Business-type activities - unrestricted:		
General Fund	\$	303,542
SDC Reserve Fund		155,244
Revenue Bond Reserve Fund		169,149
Catastrophic Reserve Fund	_	270,620
Total business-type activities - unrestricted	_	898,555
Business-type activities - Restricted:		
Revenue Bond Debt Service Fund		216,620
	_	

Total cash and investments

Restricted cash is for repayment of principal and interest on long-term obligations.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

B. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity resulting from modified cash basis transactions for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Business-type activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 115,201	<u>\$</u> _	\$ -	\$ 115,201
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	197,317	-	-	197,317
Plant and sewer system	6,540,960	-	-	6,540,960
Equipment	117,155	2,798	-	119,953
Furniture and fixtures	8,930			8,930
Total capital assets being depreciated	6,864,362	2,798		6,867,160
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings and improvements	(176,123)	(5,253)	_	(181,376)
Plant and sewer system	(3,501,066)	(156,034)	_	(3,657,100)
Equipment	(102,811)	(5,520)	_	(108,331)
Furniture and fixtures	(8,631)	(299)		(8,930)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,788,631)	(167,106)		(3,955,737)
Capital assets being depreciated, net	3,075,731	(164,308)		2,911,423
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 3,190,932	\$ (164,308)	\$ -	\$ 3,026,624

Capital assets are reported on the statement of net position as follows:

		Capital Assets	cumulated preciation	Net Capita Assets	
Business-type activities					
Land	\$	115,201	\$ -	\$	115,201
Buildings and improvements		197,317	(181,376)		15,941
Plant and sewer system		6,540,960	(3,657,100)		2,883,860
Equipment		119,953	(108,331)		11,622
Furniture and fixtures	_	8,930	 (8,930)		
Total capital assets	\$	6,982,361	\$ (3,955,737)	\$	3,026,624

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Business-type activities Sanitary operations

\$ 167,106

C. Long-Term Liabilities

1. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities arising from cash transactions for the year:

	Interest Rate	Original Amount	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
USDA Revenue Bond #1	4.25%	\$ 1,745,900	\$ 1,136,824	\$ -	\$ 55,849	\$ 1,080,975	\$ 58,225
USDA Revenue Bond #3	4.25%	636,550	397,602	-	20,463	377,139	21,335
IFA Loan	4.22%	150,000	88,526		7,518	81,008	7,835
		\$ 2,532,450	\$ 1,622,952	\$ -	\$ 83,830	\$ 1,539,122	\$ 87,395

2. USDA Revenue Bond #1 and Bond #3

In 2005, the District issued sewer revenue bonds to finance the construction of local improvements within the District's wastewater collection system, which is pledged as collateral. The original amounts for Bond #1 and #3 were \$1,745,900 and \$636,550, respectively. Interest is fixed at 4.25%. The Revenue Bond Debt Service Fund has generally been used to liquidate the revenue bond liabilities.

3. IFA Loan

In May 2010, the District issued a loan in the amount of \$150,000 to finance the pump station rehabilitation project, which is pledged as collateral. Interest is fixed at 4.22%. The Revenue Bond Debt Service Fund has generally been used to liquidate the loan. The loan agreement requires revenues to be equal to 110% of the annual debt service on the loan.

4. Legal Debt Limit

The District's legal annual debt service limit (as defined by Oregon Revised Statute 478.410) as of June 30, 2022, was approximately \$19,180,547. The District's legal debt service limit is 13.00% of the real market value of property within the District.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

5. Business-Type Activities - Interest Expense

Interest expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Business-type activities

Sanitary operations \$ 69,415

6. Business-Type Activities Future Maturities of Long-Term Liabilities

Year ending											
June 30	U	SDA Reve	nue B	ond #1	U	USDA Revenue Bond #3					
	Pı	rincipal	I	nterest	P	Principal		nterest			
2023	\$	\$ 58,225		45,828	\$	21,335	\$	16,655			
2024		60,702		43,351		22,243		15,747			
2025		63,284		40,769		23,191		14,799			
2026		65,976		38,077		24,179		13,811			
2027		68,782		35,271		25,209		12,781			
2028-2032		390,357		129,908		143,087		46,863			
2033-2036		373,649		39,474		117,895		13,959			
Total	<u>\$ 1</u>	.,080,975	\$	372,678	\$	377,139	\$	134,615			
Year ending											
June 30		IFA	Loan		Totals						
	Pı	rincipal	I	nterest	Principal Interest						
2023	\$	7,835	\$	3,419	\$	87,395	\$	65,902			
2024		8,165		3,088		91,110		62,186			
2025		8,510		2,743		94,985		58,311			
2026		8,869		2,384		99,024		54,272			
2027		9,243		2,010		103,234		50,062			
2028-2032		38,386		3,971		571,830		180,742			
2033-2036		-		-		491,544		53,433			

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

D. Interfund Transfers

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District's interfund transfers were as follows:

Tra	nsfers in:
Reve	nue Bond
Deb	t Service
\$	294,656

Transfers out: General Fund

IV. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. There was no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year. There were no insurance settlements exceeding insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

B. Deferred Compensation Plan

Eligible employees of the District participate in an employer-sponsored deferred compensation plan under Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Employees are considered eligible to participate upon employment. Benefits under the plan are fully and immediately vested from an employee's first day of participation. The District has contracted Variable Annuity Life and Insurance Company (VALIC) to provide the administrative services for those amounts of deferred compensation under the plan that employees have invested. Employees have the freedom to make pre-tax contributions by salary reduction subject to IRS limits and to select the investment options in which they are investing. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District contributed \$2,097 to the plan.

C. New Pronouncements

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District implemented the following new accounting standards:

GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations – This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset.

<u>GASB Statement No. 87</u>, *Leases* – This statement addresses the accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments, requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that were previously classified as operating leases.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

GASB Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020. This statement was issued January 2020 and enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to leases implementation, derivative instruments, postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits), asset retirement obligations, risk pool and fair value measurements.

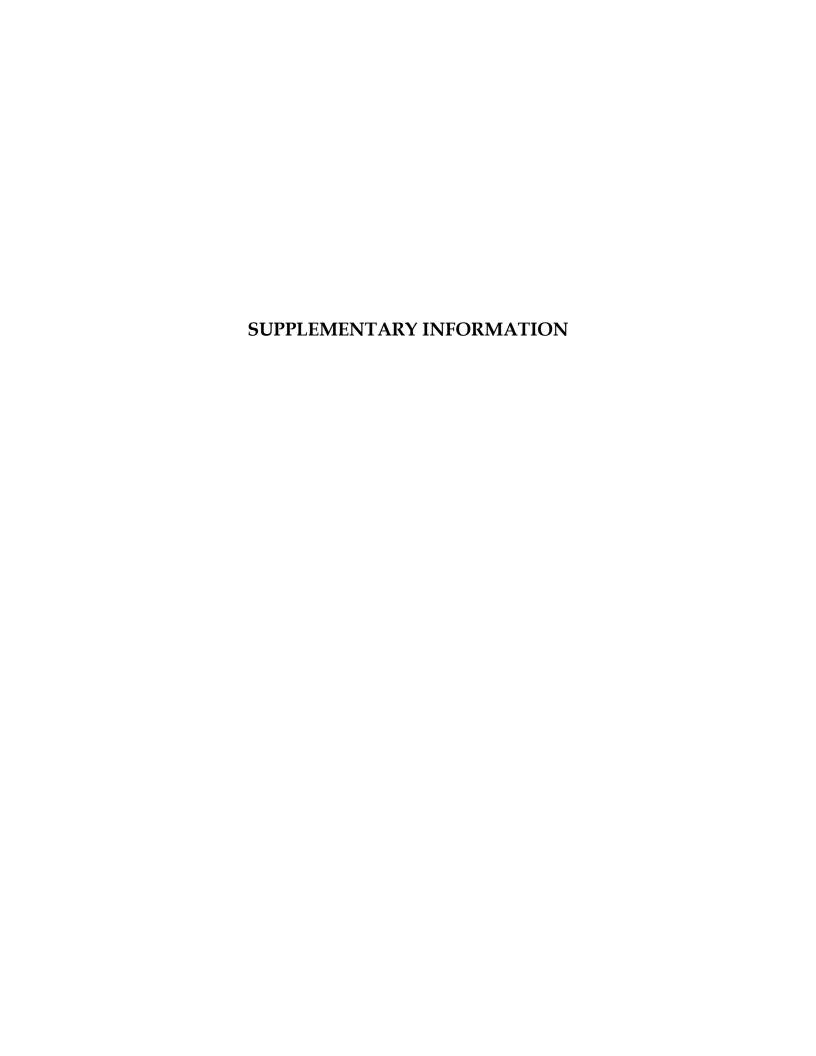
GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. The primary objectives are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension/OPEB plans and employee benefit plans other than pension/OPEB plans, as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statement; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meets the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans.

The District will implement applicable new GASB pronouncements no later than the required fiscal year. Management has not determined the effect on the financial statements for implementing any of the following pronouncements:

GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period – The objectives of this Statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021 (as amended by GASB Statement No. 95, Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance).

D. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through September 22, 2022, which was the date that the financial statements were available to be issued.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND

						Actual		
	Ori	ginal and		iance with			N	Modified
		Final		al Budget	Budget			Cash
		Budget	Ov	er (Under)	Basis	Adjustments		Basis
REVENUES								
Charges for services	\$	571,080	\$	(11,405)	559,675	\$ -	\$	559,675
Interest		1 070		316	316	-		316
Miscellaneous		1,272		5,147	 6,419	-		6,419
Total revenues		572,352	_	(5,942)	 566,410			566,410
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Personnel services		255,071		14,830	269,901	-		269,901
Materials and services		239,508		(62,019)	177,489	(2,798)		174,691
Capital outlay		140,000		(140,000)	-	-		-
Depreciation		-		_	-	167,106		167,106
Contingency		74,190		(74,190)	<u>-</u>			_
Total expenditures		708,769		(261,379)	 447,390	164,308		611,698
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(136,417)		255,437	 119,020	(164,308)		(45,288)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		-		-	-	83,830		83,830
Transfers out		(153,244)		(141,412)	 (294,656)			(294,656)
Total other financing								
sources (uses)		(153,244)		(141,412)	 (294,656)	83,830		(210,826)
Net change in fund balance		(289,661)		114,025	(175,636)	(80,478)		(256,114)
Net position - beginning		521,322		1,519,595	 472,937	1,567,980	_	2,040,917
Net position - ending	\$	231,661	\$	1,633,620	\$ 297,301	\$ 1,487,502	\$	1,784,803

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

SDC RESERVE FUND

						1	Actual		
	Or	iginal and	Va	riance with				N	Modified
		Final	Fi	nal Budget	Budget				Cash
		Budget	Ov	ver (Under)	Basis	Adjustments		Basis	
REVENUES									
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	16,020	\$ 16,020	\$	-	\$	16,020
Interest		1,000		61	 1,061				1,061
Total revenues		1,000		16,081	 17,081				17,081
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
Materials and services		1,000		(1,000)	-		-		-
Capital outlay		140,769		(140,769)	 				
Total expenditures	_	141,769		(141,769)	 <u>-</u>				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		(140,769)		157,850	17,081		-		17,081
Net position - beginning		140,769		(2,606)	 138,163				138,163
Net position - ending	\$		\$	155,244	\$ 155,244	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	155,244

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

REVENUE BOND RESERVE FUND

				Actual	
	Original and	Variance with			Modified
	Final	Final Budget	Budget		Cash
	Budget	Over (Under)	Basis	Adjustments	Basis
REVENUES					
Interest	\$ 1,200	\$ (244)	956	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 956
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Materials and services	1,200	(1,200)	-	-	-
Debt Service	164,630	(164,630)			
Total expenditures	165,830	(165,830)			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(164,630)	165,586	956	-	956
Net position - beginning	164,630	3,563	168,193		168,193
Net position - ending	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 169,149	\$ 169,149	<u>\$</u>	\$ 169,149

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

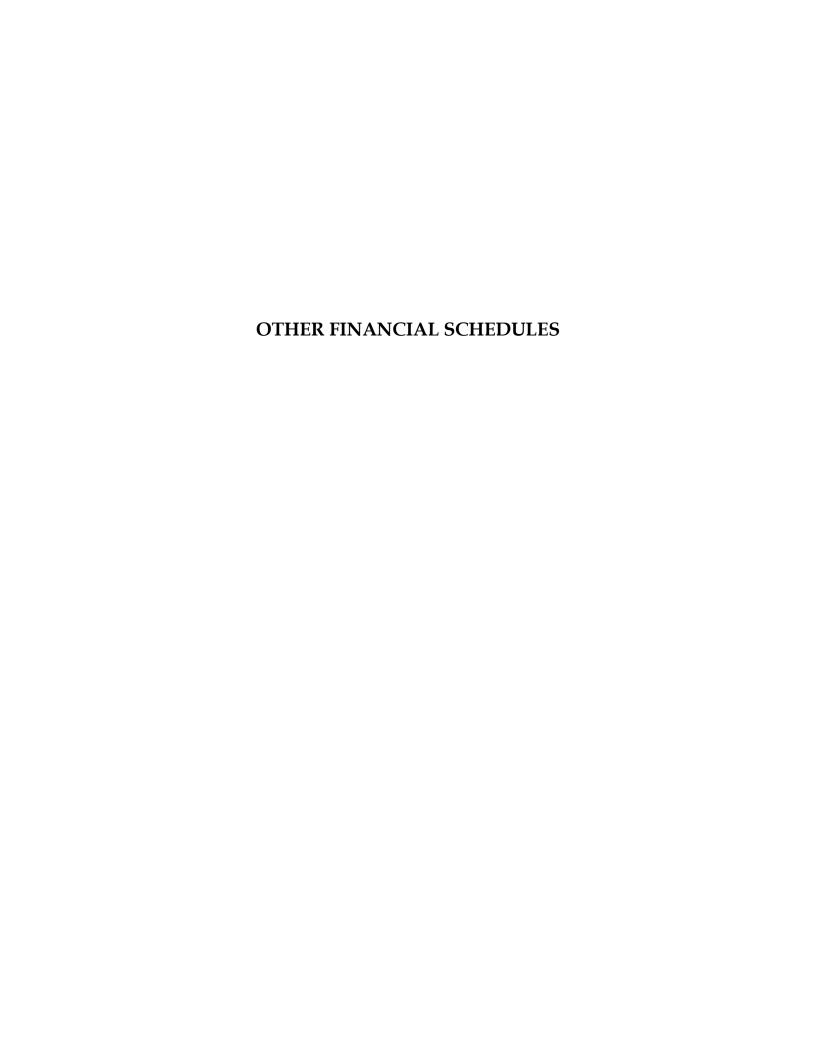
CATASTROPHIC RESERVE FUND

						Act	tual		
	Ori	ginal and	Variance with					Modified	
		Final	Fina	al Budget	Budget				Cash
	I	Budget	Ove	r (Under)	Basis	Adjus	tments		Basis
REVENUES		-							
Interest	\$	2,700	\$	(1,207)	\$ 1,493	\$	-	\$	1,493
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
Materials and services		200		(200)	 <u>-</u>				<u>-</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		2,500		(1,007)	1,493		-		1,493
Net position - beginning		261,225		7,902	 269,127				269,127
Net position - ending	\$	263,725	\$	6,895	\$ 270,620	\$		\$	270,620

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

REVENUE BOND DEBT SERVICE FUND

				Actual	
	Original and	Variance with			Modified
	Final	Final Budget	Budget		Cash
	Budget	Over (Under)	Basis	Adjustments	Basis
REVENUES					
Interest	\$ 100	\$ (92)	8	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 8
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Materials and services	10	(10)	-	-	-
Debt service	153,245	(83,830)	69,415		69,415
Total expenditures	153,255	(83,840)	69,415		69,415
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(153,155)	83,748	(69,407)		(69,407)
OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	153,244	141,412	294,656	-	294,656
Transfers out		(83,830)	(83,830)		(83,830)
Total other financing					
sources (uses)	153,244	57,582	210,826		210,826
Net change in fund balance	89	141,330	141,419	-	141,419
Net position - beginning	83,967	(8,766)	75,201		75,201
Net position - ending	\$ 84,056	\$ 132,564	\$ 216,620	<u>\$</u>	\$ 216,620



SCHEDULE OF FUTURE REQUIREMENTS FOR RETIREMENT OF LONG-TERM DEBT

		USD	SDA Revenue Bond #1					USDA Revenue Bond #3					
	Pı	rincipal	I	nterest		Total	Р	rincipal	Interest			Total	
	_			4= 000	_	101050		• • • • •	_	4		•= •••	
2022-2023	\$	58,225	\$	45,828	\$	104,053	\$	21,335	\$	16,655	\$	37 <i>,</i> 990	
2023-2024		60,702		43,351		104,053		22,243		15 <i>,</i> 747		37 <i>,</i> 990	
2024-2025		63,284		40,769		104,053		23,191		14,799		37 <i>,</i> 990	
2025-2026		65,976		38,077		104,053		24,179		13,811		37 <i>,</i> 990	
2026-2027		68,782		35,271		104,053		25,209		12,781		37 <i>,</i> 990	
2027-2028		71,707		32,346		104,053		26,282		11,708		37 <i>,</i> 990	
2028-2029		74,757		29,296		104,053		27,401		10,589		37,990	
2029-2030		77,936		26,117		104,053		28,568		9,422		37,990	
2030-2031		81,251		22,802		104,053		29,784		8,206		37,990	
2031-2032		84,706		19,347		104,053		31,052		6,938		37,990	
2032-2033		88,308		15,745		104,053		32,374		5,617		37,991	
2033-2034		92,063		11,990		104,053		33,752		4,238		37 <i>,</i> 990	
2034-2035		95,978		8,075		104,053		35,189		2,801		37,990	
2035-2036		97,300		3,664		100,964		16,580		1,303		17,883	
	\$ 1	,080,975	\$	372,678	\$	1,453,653	\$	377,139	\$	134,615	\$	511,754	

AUDIT COMMENTS AND DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY STATE REGULATIONS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

Board of Directors Twin Rocks Sanitary District Rockaway Beach, Oregon

We have audited the basic financial statements of Twin Rocks Sanitary District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 and have issued our report thereon dated September 22, 2022. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Twin Rocks Sanitary District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes, as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-010-0000 through 162-010-0320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures, which included, but were not limited to, the following:

Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295)

Indebtedness limitations, restrictions, and repayment

Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294)

Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law

Programs funded from outside sources

Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets

Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294)

Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C)

In connection with our testing, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the District was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes, as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-010-0000 through 162-010-0320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, except as follows:

1. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District expended funds in excess of appropriations as follows:

Fund	Function	Ap	propriation	E:	xpenditure	 Excess		
General Fund	Personnel Services	\$	255,071	\$	269,901	\$ 14,830		

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the board of directors and management of Twin Rocks Sanitary District and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Accuity, LLC

Albany, Oregon

September 22, 2022